# HOW TO SET UP THE 30001505DEU TO WORK WITH THE DEMO GUI

## USER GUIDE



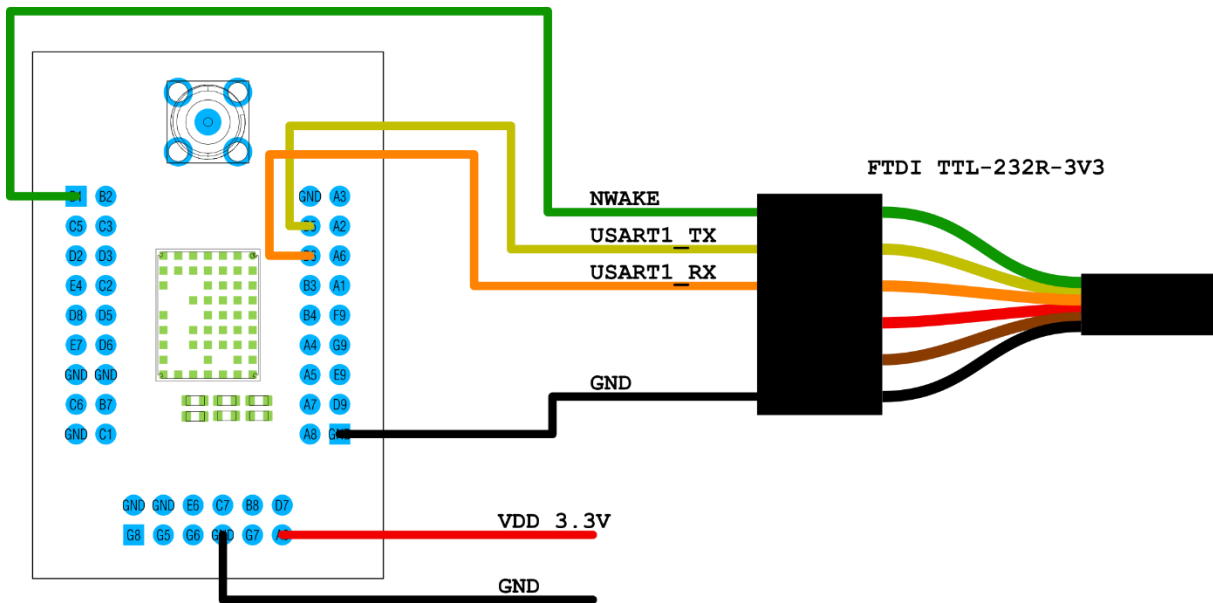## Description

This document will guide you through an example setup of the hardware and the LoRaModem GUI.

## Contents

# 1. Overview

The LoRa modem module will be controlled by a PC software connecting via the serial port.

The device will exchange some messages with a similar device.

The required material is:

- 2 x 30001505DEU DevKit mounting a 32001505DEU
- 2 x USB to UART 3v3 adapter (e.g.: FTDI TTL-232R-3V3)
- Power supply
- Mipot LoRaModem GUI

# 2. Hardware setup

The minimal connection with a host device uses the lines indicated in the following image and are comprised of the following pin:

| PIN NAME | DIR | DESC |
|---|---|---|
| LPUART_TX | Out | UART TX pin, connect to RX pin of the adapter |
| LPUART_RX | In | UART RX pin, connect to TX pin of the adapter |
| NDATA_INDICATE | Out | Goes low when the module has data to send on the serial |
| NWAKE | In | Pull down to wake up the module from sleep. |
| VDD | Pwr | 2.1 V to 3.6 V |
| GND | Pwr | Ground pin |

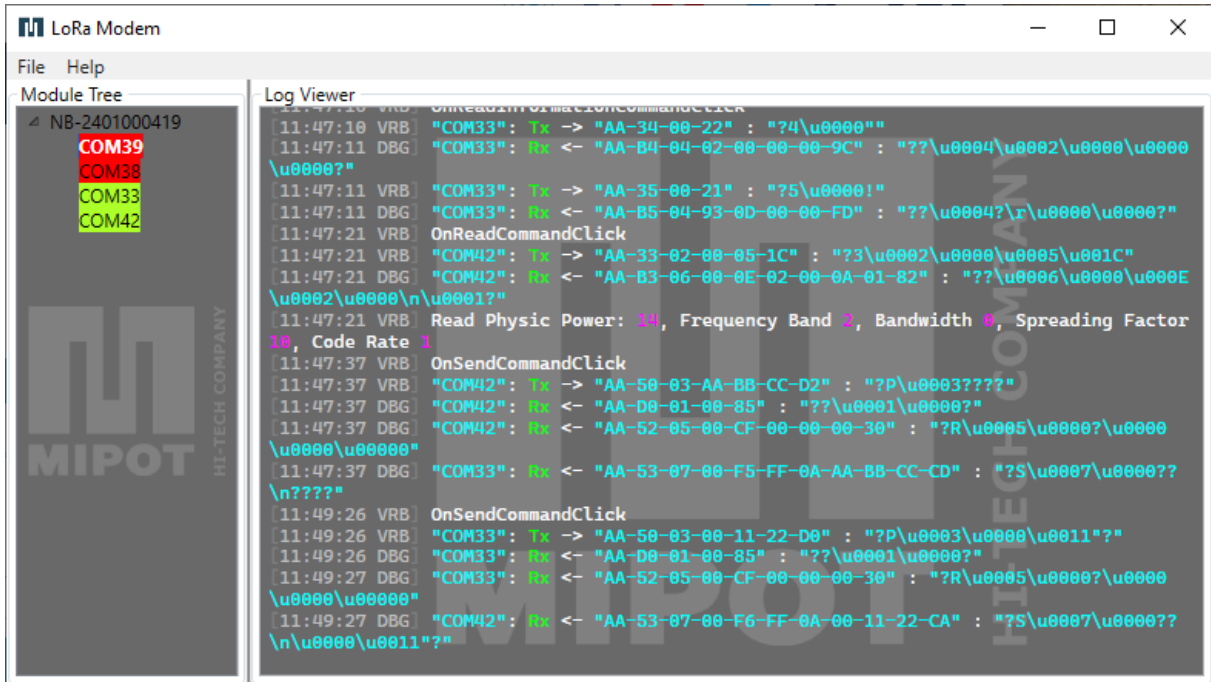## 2.1. Example of connection with USB to serial cable



The NWAKE pin is connected to the RTS signal. The Mipot LoRaModem GUI pull down the signal to wake up the module before sending data.
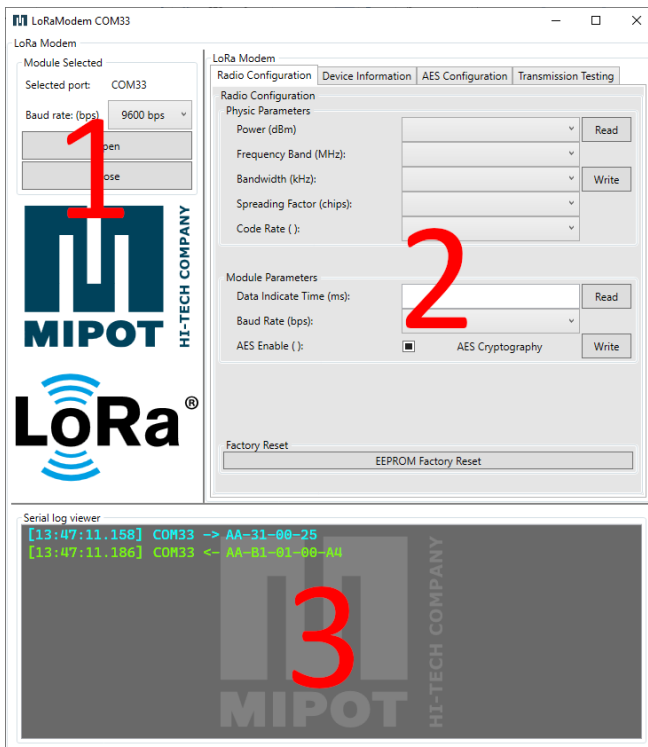
# 3. Software setup

## 3.1. Starting the GUI

Once all connections are made and the module are powered, start the LoRaModem GUI. At startup, it will scan available serial ports looking for connected devices. It is possible to connect multiple devices to the same PC.



Once the scan is finished, the serial ports with the module connected will be highlighted in green. To use one of the module, double click on the appropriate Com port.
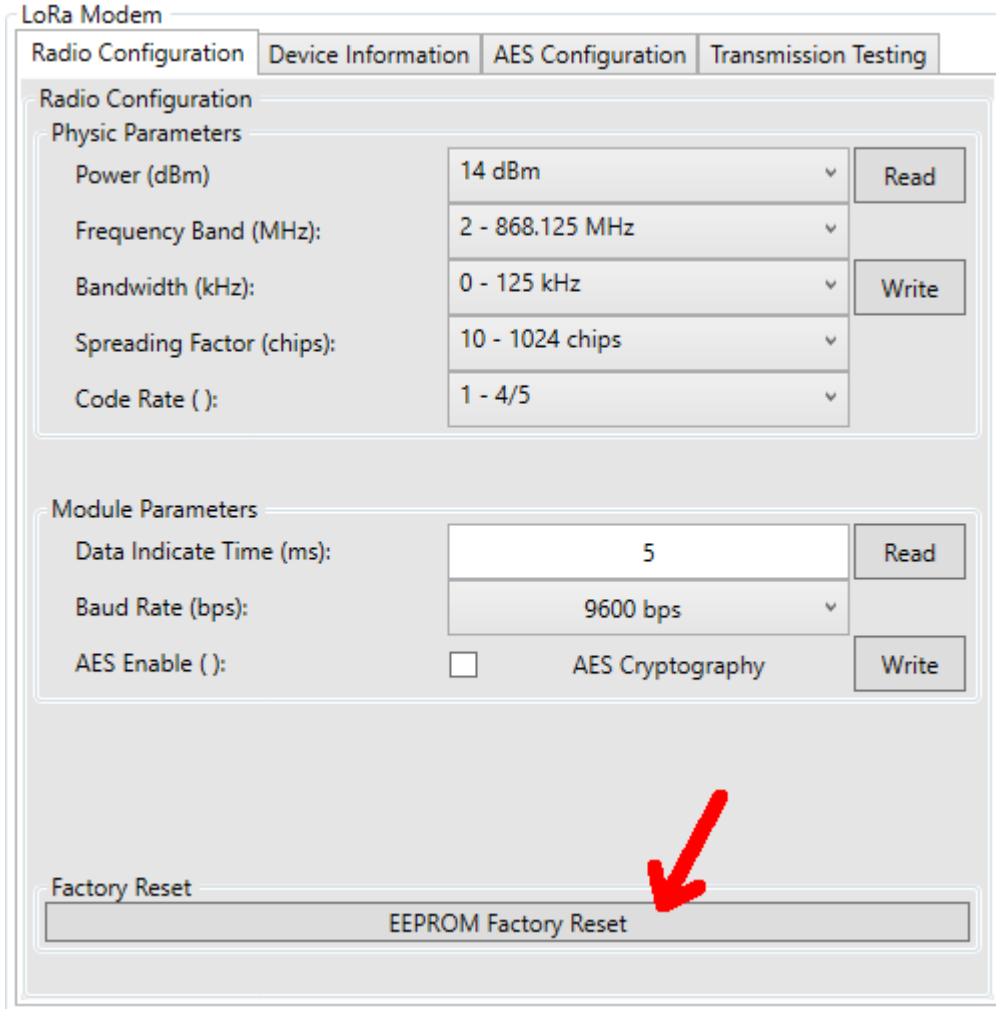


The view that will open is divided in 3 main zones:

1) Serial port control

2) Module control

3) Log of the messages exchanged on the serial port.

In the log, the cyan text is about messages from the pc to the module and are indicated with an arrow pointed right, while the green messages are from the module and have an arrow pointing left.

## 3.2. Module reset

To start with a known configuration reset the module using the "*Factory Reset*" button in the "*Radio Configuration*" tab of the GUI.



This will configure the module with the default parameters as shown in the next table.

| Parameter | Value |
| --- | --- |
| Power | 14 (dBm) |
| Frequency Band | 2 (868.125 MHz) |
| Bandwidth | 0 (125 kHz) |
| Spreading Factor (chips) | 10 (1024) |
| Code Rate | 1 (4/5) |

| Parameter | Value |
| --- | --- |
| Data Indicate Time | 5 (ms) |
| Baud Rate | 0 (9600) |
| AES enable | 0 (disabled) |

Before set a parameter, read them with the appropriate button so all the fields are filled with the values configured in the module.

## Command example

Reset the module to start with a known configuration of the module with the command FACTORY_RESET_CMD (0x31)
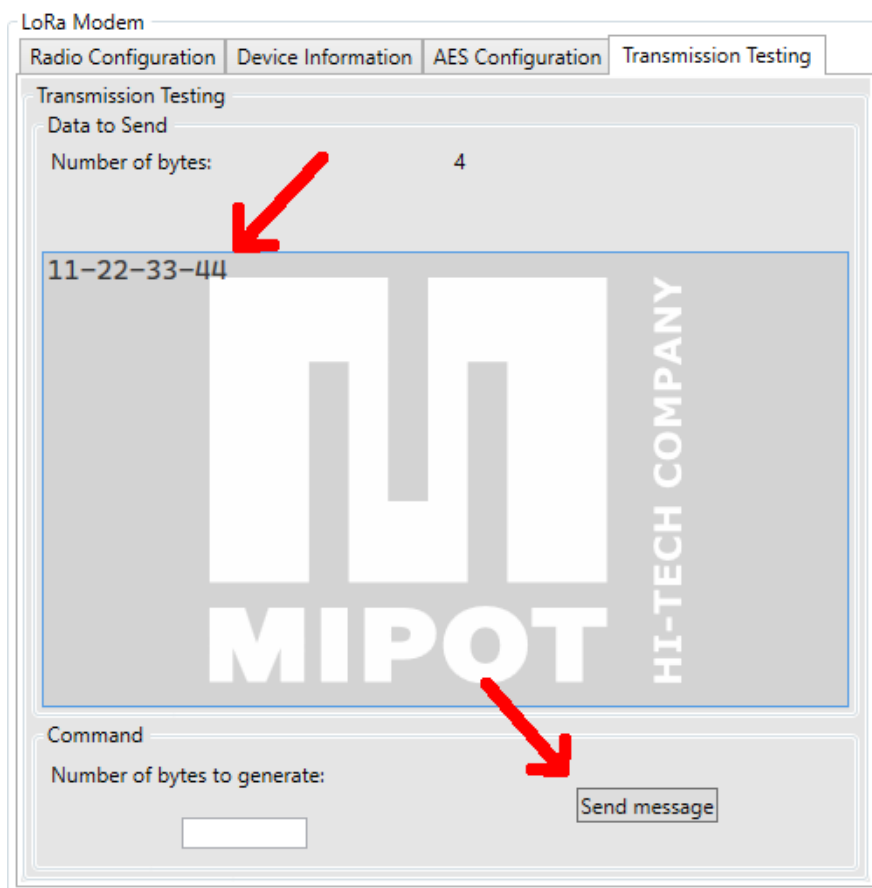
Host:   0xAA, 0x31, 0x00, 0x25

Device:0xAA, 0xB1, 0x01, 0x00, 0xA4

## 4.   Sending and receiving a message

For this operation connect two DevKits and open the GUI for each one.

The radio parameters should be the same on both devices.

Use the "*Transmission Testing*" tab to send a message.



Write the payload (hex format) in the text box and click "*Send message*".

The module will then send a message and signal the completion with an indicate message.

On the GUI opened on the second module, an indication message will contain the transmitted payload.

## Command example

Send a message with the TX_MSG_CMD (0x50).
For example to send the payload "**0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44**":

Host:   0xAA, 0x50, 0x04, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x58
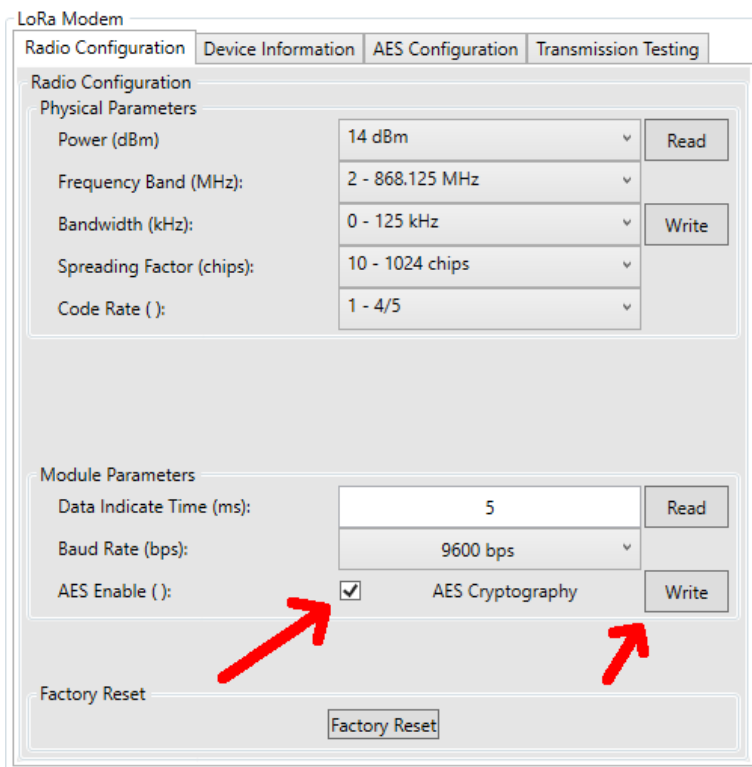Device:0xAA, 0xD0, 0x01, 0x00, 0x85

Once the transmission is complete, the module sends TX_MSG_IND (0x52):

Device:0xAA, 0x52, 0x05, 0x00, 0xCF, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x30

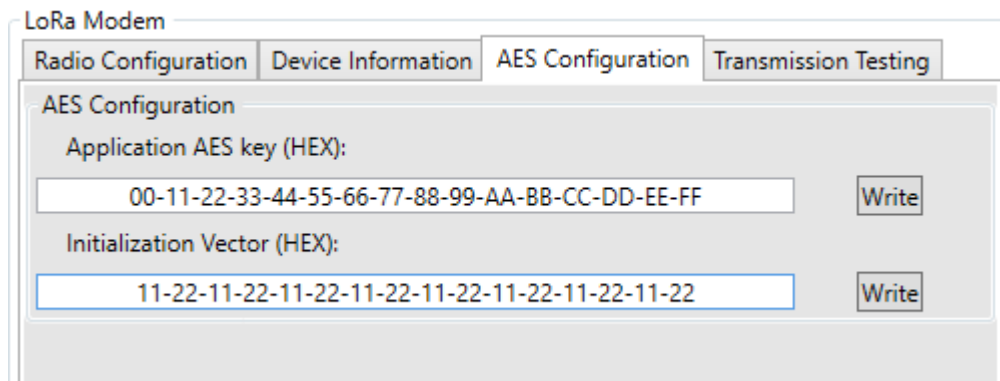The second module, indicates the reception with the RX_MSG_IND (0x53):

Device:0xAA, 0x53, 0x08, 0x00, 0xF2, 0xFF, 0x09, **0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44**, 0x57

# 5.  Using AES ciphering



Enable the AES ciphering in the "*Radio Configuration*" tab and write the configuration in both modules.

Write the AES key and the Initialization Vector on both modules using the "*AES Configuration*" tab.

From now on, every message sent from the module will be ciphered with this key, and will be decoded correctly only by those modules having the same key and initialization vector.

Since the AES ciphering is a block cipher, the payload will be padded with 0x00 to reach a length that is a multiple of the block length (16 bytes).

## Command example

Write the AES key and the Initialization Vector:

For example to use the key "**0x00, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88, 0x99, 0xAA, 0xBB, 0xCC, 0xDD, 0xEE, 0xFF**" use the SET_AES_KEY_CMD (0x58):

Host:   0xAA, 0x58, 0x10, **0xFF, 0xEE, 0xDD, 0xCC, 0xBB, 0xAA, 0x99, 0x88, 0x77, 0x66, 0x55, 0x44, 0x33, 0x22, 0x11, 0x00**, 0xF6

Device:0xAA, 0xD8, 0x01, 0x00, 0x7D

To set the initialization vector "**0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22**" use the : SET_IV_CMD (0x59):

Host:   0xAA, 0x59, 0x10, **0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11, 0x22, 0x11**, 0x55

Device:0xAA, 0xD9, 0x01, 0x00, 0x7C

Enable the cipher writing 1 to the AppEnAES parameter using the EEPROM_WRITE_CMD (0x32):

Host:   0xAA, 0x32, 0x02, 0x07, 0x01, 0x1A

Device:0xAA, 0xB2, 0x01, 0x00, 0xA3

The above commands should be issued to all modules in the network.

To send a message, proceed as usual.

Host:   0xAA, 0x50, 0x04, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x58

Device:0xAA, 0xD0, 0x01, 0x00, 0x85

Once the transmission is complete, the module sends TX_MSG_IND (0x52):

Device:0xAA, 0x52, 0x05, 0x00, 0x21, 0x01, 0x00, 0x00, 0xDD

The second module, indicates the reception with the RX_MSG_IND (0x53):

Device:0xAA, 0x53, 0x14, 0x00, 0xEE, 0xFF, 0x09, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x00, 0x4F

Contrary to the previous case, now the receiver shows the payload with the padding included.

## 6.  Revision History

| Revision | Date | Description |
|---|---|---|
| 0.1 | 11.11.2022 | First version |
| 0.2 | 22.11.2022 | Change image and product code in the title |
| 0.3 | 06.12.2022 | Change the image on the first page<br>Change the name of the document to "User Guide" |